

S námi se domluví každý...

# ANGLIČTINA

pro mladší školáky  
v JAZYKOVÉM STUDIU ROLINO  
ve školním roce 2020/21

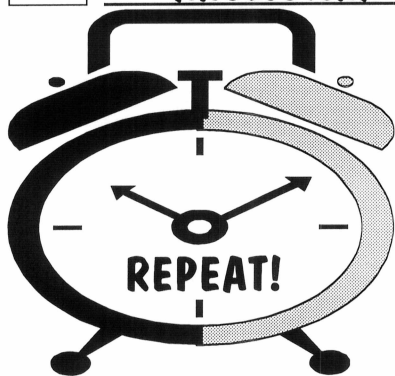


\* 21.-40. lekce – 2. pololetí \*

## 27. lekce - klíč

Student: \_\_\_\_\_

Určeno pro výuku cizích jazyků studentů pod vedením lektorů z Jazykového studia ROLINO.




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Prague Write today's date.

## Drilem:

- \* třídy pravidelných sloves
- \* triáda "do"
- \* klad, otázka a zápor v přítomném a minulém čase
- \* daily activities
- \* health, diseases (cold, headache, sore throat, toothache, stomachache, earache, fever)
- \* hudební nástroje (piano, guitar, violin, flute, clarinet)
- \* "can, may, must" - klad, otázka, zápor
- \* určování času (What time is it?), jazyky a země
- \* budoucnost "WILL" - klad, otázka, zápor
- \* rozkaz v ostatních osobách (klad i zápor), "some, any, no" - složeniny
- \* minulý čas - perfektum (aktuální minulost) - klad, otázka

## 1. Translate:

1. Už jsme jim volali. = We have called them.
2. Už vás navštívila? = Has she visited you?
3. Už jsi ho potkal? = Have you met him?
4. Ona už mu poslala ten dopis. = She has sent him a letter.
5. Babička už odjela. = The grandmother has left.



## 2. Choose the correct option:

1. When you go swimming you use a *tower / triffle / towel.*
2. You ride / write / read a bicycle.
3. When you speak very loudly to someone, you *shoot / shut / shout.*
4. You can throw / through / thorough something at somebody.

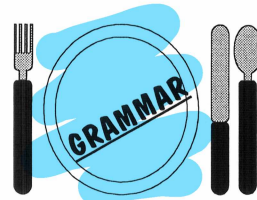


## NOVÁ GRAMATIKA: Minulý čas - perfektum

**Minulý čas - perfektum (present perfect, tzv. předpřítomný čas neboli aktuální minulost)**

- tvoří jej pomocné sloveso

**have / has + 3. tvar třídy (konstanta)**



ZÁPOR:

Já jsem to ještě neviděl.	I <b>haven't</b> seen it.
Ty jsi to ještě neviděl.	You <b>haven't</b> seen it.
On to ještě neviděl.	He <b>hasn't</b> seen it.
Ona to ještě neviděla.	She <b>hasn't</b> seen it.
My jsme to ještě neviděli.	We <b>haven't</b> seen it.
Vy jste to ještě neviděli.	You <b>haven't</b> seen it.
Oni to ještě neviděli.	They <b>haven't</b> seen it.

**Fill in the Czech translation. Use your dictionary if necessary.**

<b>lose</b> (lost, lost)	[lu:z, lost, lost]	= <b>ztratit</b>
<b>drink</b> (drank, drunk)	[drɪŋk, dræŋk, draŋk]	= <b>pít</b>
<b>build</b> (built, built)	[bild, bilt, bilt]	= <b>stavět</b>
<b>read</b> (read, read)	[ri:d, red, red]	= <b>číst</b>
<b>send</b> (sent, sent)	[send, sent, sent]	= <b>poslat</b>
<b>fall</b> (fell, fallen)	[fo:l, fel, fo:lən]	= <b>spadnout</b>



**3. Make negative sentences in present perfect. Then translate them into Czech:**

- He / not / lose / his key. = He **hasn't** lost his key.
- Tom / not / find / his book. = Tom **hasn't** found his book.
- Catherine / not / come / back. = Catherine **hasn't** come back.





4. Answer the questions in English:

např.

- 1. Have you ever been to Africa? Yes. I have. No, I haven't
- 2. Have you ever drunk beer? Yes. I have. No, I haven't.
- 3. Have you ever built a house? Yes. I have. No, I haven't
- 4. Have you ever fallen in love with someone? Yes. I have. No, I haven't.
- 5. Have you ever seen Yeti? Yes. I have. No, I haven't.

5. Work in pairs. One of you is a child. The other one is Mum:

Example: Mum: Tom, have you washed up?

např.

Tom: No, I haven't. But I have cooked lunch.

1. Mum: David, have you cleaned the kitchen?

David: No, I haven't. But I have washed the dishes.

2. Mum: Tina, have you emptied the rubbish bin?

Tina: No, I haven't. But I have walked the dog.

3. Mum: Joanna, have you done the shopping?

Joanna: No, I haven't. But I have cleaned the bathroom.

4. Mum: Daniel, have you cleaned the windows?

Daniel: No, I haven't. But I have watered the flowers.

5. Mum: Peter, have you vacuum cleaned the carpet?

Peter: No, I haven't. But I have cleaned my room.

6. Mum: Paul, have you done everything I asked you to do?

Paul: No, I haven't. But I have done my homework.



## 6. Ask your friend if he / she has ever done these things:

*Example: find some money*

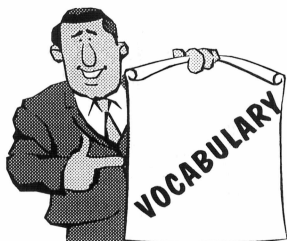
*Have you ever found any money?*

1. drive a car                      ⇒ Have you ever driven a car?
2. ride a horse                    ⇒ Have you ever ridden a horse?
3. read a detective story        ⇒ Have you ever read a detective story?
4. see a ghost                     ⇒ Have you ever seen a ghost?

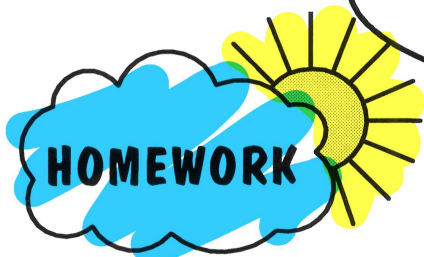
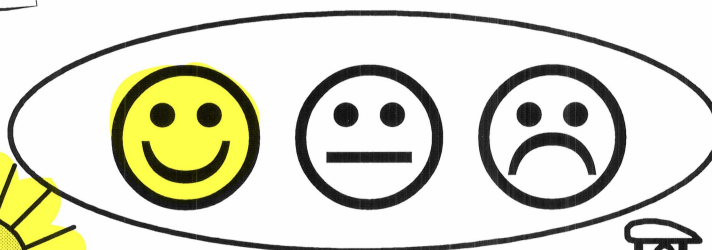


## 7. Make questions:

1. Tom has cooked lunch.        ⇒ Has Tom cooked lunch?
2. Tina has cleaned the kitchen. ⇒ Has Tina cleaned the kitchen?
3. Joanna has emptied the rubbish bin. ⇒ Has Joanna emptied the rubbish bin?
4. Paul has vacuum cleaned the carpet. ⇒ Has Paul vacuum cleaned the carpet?



<b>vacuum clean</b>	[ˈvækjuəm...]	=	vyluxovat
<b>empty</b>	[ˈempti]	=	vyprázdnit
<b>rubbish bin</b>	[ˈrabiš]	=	koš na odpadky



## **Přeložte:** *(Věty přepište do svého sešitu.)*

1. Už jsi někdy byl v Africe?    2. Už jste někdy pili pivo?    3. Už jsi někdy viděl Yettiho?    4. Ještě jsem se do nikoho nezamiloval.
5. Oni už postavili ten dům.    **The key is at the end of the lesson.**

**Str. 110 / cv. 3: Make negative sentences in present perfect. Then translate them into Czech.**

- 1) He **hasn't lost** his key.  
= On svůj klíč ještě neztratil.
- 2) Tom **hasn't found** his book.  
= Tom ještě nenašel svou knihu.
- 3) Catherine **hasn't come back**.  
= Catherine se ještě nevrátila.

**Str. 112 / homework: Přeložte. Věty přepište do svého sešitu.**

- 1) Už jsi někdy byl v Africe?  
= **Have you ever been** to Africa?
- 2) Už jste někdy pili pivo?  
= **Have you ever drunk** beer?
- 3) Už jsi někdy viděl Yettiho?  
= **Have you ever seen** Yetti?
- 4) Ještě jsem se do nikoho nezamíloval.  
= I **haven't fallen in love** with anybody.
- 5) Oni už postavili ten dům.  
= They **have built** the house.