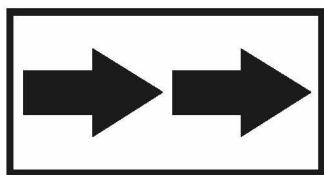
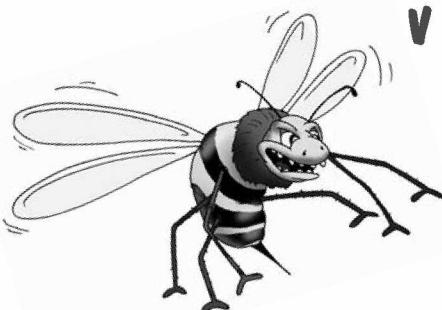




# ANGLIČTINA

pro starší školáky  
v JAZYKOVÉM STUDIU ROLINO  
ve školním roce 2020/21



\* 21.-38. lekce – 2. pololetí \*

## 24. lekce - klíč

Student:

Určeno pro výuku cizích jazyků studentů pod vedením lektorů z Jazykového studia ROLINO.



## ANGLIČTINA pro starší školáky v jazykovém studiu ROLINO



Prague Write today's date.

Procvičte si drilem slovní zásobu:

**Podstatná jména:** great-grandfather, great-grandmother, office, trip, factory

**Slovesa:** marry sb., fall in love with sb., drink, eat, see, talk, tell, meet, live, like, sit

**Ostatní slovní zásoba:** together, crazy, fun, shy

### 1. Read. Use your dictionary. Write the new vocabulary into your exercise book.

#### Spring

**starts** on March 21st according to the calendar.

In spring flowers **start** growing and the grass **starts** turning green. You can **see** the first plants in the garden, e.g. snowdrops, snowflakes and primroses. Later violets, marsh marigolds, dandelions and lilies of the valley **are** in flower.

The weather **is** often unstable at this time. One moment the sun **is** shining and it **feels** warm, but suddenly the sky **becomes** overcast, it **starts** to rain and often it even **snows**. We can no longer **make** snowmen out of this wet snow. Fresh flowers and leaves **are** proof that winter **has come** to an end.

Pramen: Maturitní otázky z angličtiny, Jazyková literatura, 1996

### 2. Answer the questions in English:

1. When **does** spring **start**?
2. What flowers can you **see** in the garden?
3. What **is** the weather like in this season?
4. Why can't you **make** a snowman in spring?

**The key is at the end of the lesson.**



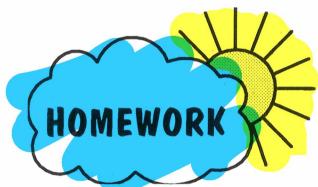
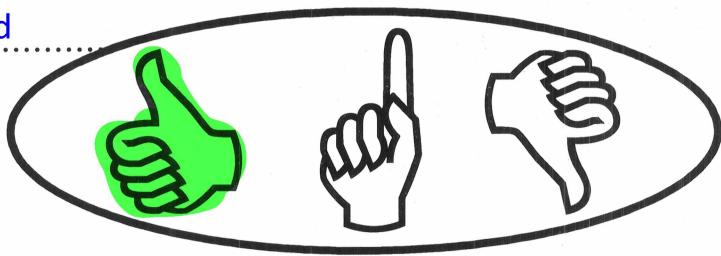
## 3. True or false?

1. Spring starts on March 21st. **TRUE**
2. In spring flowers stop growing. **FALSE**
3. The grass starts turning yellow. **FALSE**
4. You can see the first plants in the garden. **TRUE**
5. The weather is always the same at this time. **FALSE**
6. Often it even snows. **TRUE**
7. We can no longer make snowmen. **TRUE**

## 4. Fill in so that the text makes sense.

Spring ..... starts ..... on March 21st according to the calendar.

In spring flowers ..... start ..... growing and the grass ..... starts ..... turning green. You can ..... see ..... the first plants in the garden, e.g. snowdrops, snowflakes and primroses. Later violets, marsh marigolds, dandelions and lilies of the valley ..... are ..... in flower. The ..... weather ..... is often unstable at this time. One moment the sun ..... is ..... shining and it feels ..... warm ..... , but suddenly the sky ..... becomes ..... overcast, it ..... starts ..... to rain and often ..... it ..... even ..... snows. We can no longer ..... make ..... snowmen out of this ..... wet ..... snow. Fresh flowers and leaves ..... are ..... proof that winter ..... has come ..... to an ..... end .....



## Fill in the missing vocabulary:



# Aktivně probraná slovní zásoba

## (21) - (24)

### SLOVESA

<b>break</b> , broke, broken	[breik, bræuk, brəukn]	= <b>rozbít, zlomit</b>
<b>build</b> , built, built	[bild, bilt, bilt]	= <b>stavět</b>
<b>carry</b>	[kæri]	= <b>nosit</b>
<b>climb</b>	[klaim]	= <b>šplhat</b>
<b>cook</b>	[kuk]	= <b>vařit</b>
<b>drink</b> , drank, drunk	[drɪŋk, dræŋk, draŋk]	= <b>pít</b>
<b>eat</b> , ate, eaten	[i:t, eit, i:tn]	= <b>jíst</b>
<b>fall in love</b> with sb.		= <b>zamilovat se</b>
<b>fall</b> , fell, fallen	[fo:l, fel, fo:ln]	= <b>padat, spadnout</b>
<b>grow</b> , grew, grown	[grəu, gru:, grəun]	= růst, pěstovat
<b>sing</b> , sang, sung	[siŋ, sæŋ, saŋ]	= <b>zpívat</b>
<b>sit</b> , sat, sat	[sit, sæt sæt]	= <b>sedět</b>
<b>sleep</b> , slept, slept	[sli:p, slept, slept]	= <b>spát</b>

**JE TŘEBA DRILEM JEŠTĚ ZOPAKOVAT:**

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### PODSTATNÁ JMÉNA

<b>bathroom</b>	[ba:θru:m]	= <b>koupelna</b>
<b>bedroom</b>	[bedru:m]	= <b>ložnice</b>
<b>children's room</b>	[čildrəns ru:m]	= <b>dětský pokoj</b>
<b>dandelion</b>		= <b>pampeliška</b>
<b>grass</b>		= tráva
<b>kitchen</b>	[kičn]	= <b>kuchyně</b>
<b>lily of the valley</b>		= <b>konvalinka</b>



## ANGLIČTINA pro starší školáky v jazykovém studiu ROLINO

<b>lily</b>		= lilie
<b>living room</b>	[livihru:m]	= obývací pokoj
<b>marsh marigold</b>		= blatouch
<b>mess</b>	[mes]	= nepořádek
<b>order</b>	[o:də]	= řád, pořádek
<b>plant</b>		= rostlina
<b>primrose</b>		= petrklíč
<b>proof</b>		= důkaz
<b>room</b>	[ru:m]	= pokoj
<b>snowdrop</b>		= sněženka
<b>snowflake</b>		= bledule
<b>violet</b>		= fialka

**JE TŘeba DRILEM JEŠTĚ ZOPAKOVAT:**

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## OSTATNÍ SLOVNÍ ZÁSOBA

<b>according to</b>		= podle
<b>bright</b>	[brait]	= jasný, veselý
<b>dark</b>	[da:k]	= tmavý
<b>even</b>		= dokonce
<b>fresh</b>		= čerstvý, svěží
<b>How does your room look?</b>		= Jak vypadá tvůj pokoj?
<b>light</b>	[laɪt]	= světlý
<b>My room is large and clean.</b>		= Můj pokoj je velký a čistý.
<b>My room looks nice.</b>		= Můj pokoj vypadá pěkně.
<b>My room is in a mess.</b>		= V mé m pokoji je nepořádek. (Můj pokoj je v nepořádku.)
<b>overcast</b>		= zatažený
<b>pleasant</b>	[ˈpleznt]	= příjemný, útulný
<b>unstable</b>		= nestabilní, nestálý
<b>What does your room look like?</b>		= Jak vypadá tvůj pokoj?

**JE TŘeba DRILEM JEŠTĚ ZOPAKOVAT:**

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Str. 15 / cv. 2: Answer the questions in English.

- 1) When **does** spring **start**?

Spring **starts** on March 21st.

- 2) What flowers can you **see** in the garden?

You can **see** many flowers in the garden - for example snowdrops, snowflakes and primroses and later violets, marsh marigolds, dandelions and lilies of the valley.

- 3) What **is** the weather like in this season?

The weather **is** usually unstable - one moment it **feels** warm, then the sky **becomes** overcast and it **starts** to rain, sometimes it even **snows**.

- 4) Why can't you **make** a snowman in spring?

Because the snow **is** too wet.