

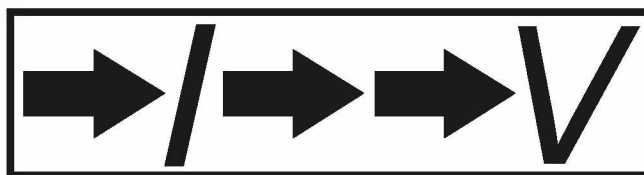
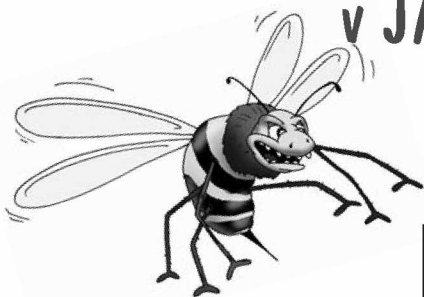
*S námi se domluví každý...*

# ANGLIČTINA

pro starší školáky

v JAZYKOVÉM STUDIU ROLINO

ve školním roce 2019/20



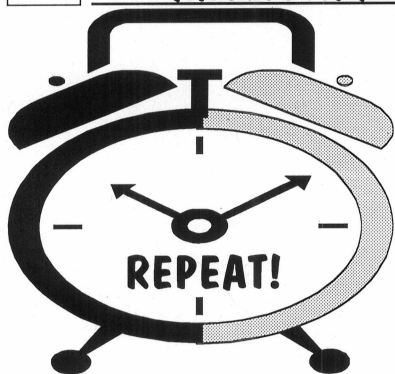
\* 21.-40. lekce – 2. pololetí \*

Student:

**40. lekce - klíč**



## ANGLIČTINA pro starší školáky v jazykovém studiu ROLINO



Prague 22nd - 26th June

- Drilem:**
- \* plnovýznamová slovesa - klad, otázka a zápor v přítomném, budoucím a minulém čase - préteritu
  - \* "some, any, no"
  - \* minulý čas - perfektnum
  - \* rychlé střídání časových rovin - budoucí čas, přítomný čas, minulý čas (perfektnum a préteritu)
  - \* zvrtná zájmena, zdůrazňovací zájmena, zvrtná slovesa
  - \* způsobová slovesa "can, may, must" - klad, otázka, zápor v přítomném čase
  - \* tázací dovětky (že ano, že ne), potvrzovací výroky (on také, on také ne)
  - \* slovní zásoba "St. Nicholas, Christmas, cooking, restaurant"
  - \* minulý čas průběhový
  - \* opis způsobového slovesa "MUST" = "HAVE TO"
  - \* opis způsobového slovesa "CAN" = "BE ABLE TO"
  - \* trpný rod

### 1. Zopakujte si následující fráze:

1. *Je to od vás velmi hezké / laskavé.*

**1. It's very nice / kind of you.**

2. *Jste velmi laskav.*

**2. You are very kind.**

3. *Promiňte, prosím.*

**3. Excuse me, please. / I am sorry.**

4. *Není to moje chyba. Nemohu za to.*

**4. It's not my fault. I am not to blame for it.**

5. *Promiňte, že obtěžuji.*

**5. (I am) sorry to trouble you.**

## 2. Použijte fráze z předchozího cvičení:

např.

1.- I'm going shopping. Shall I **get** something for you?

- Oh, thanks, ..... **it's very nice of you** ..... ! I **need** some milk and yoghurt.

2. - **Look**, the window **is** broken! What **has happened**?

- Mum, ..... **it's not my fault** ..... ! Tom **was playing** football.

3. - ..... **I am sorry to trouble you** ..... , Miss Brown, but I **need** some more information about the programme.



## 3. Zopakujte si následující fráze:

1. *To nevadí.*

**1. Never mind.**

2. *Na tom nezáleží.*

**2. It doesn't matter.**

3. *Nemusíte se omlouvat.*

**3. You needn't apologize.**

4. *Nic se nestalo.* (nenastala žádná újma)

**4. No harm done.**

5. *Nedělejte si s tím starosti.*

**5. Don't worry about it.**

Vytvářejte situace a reagujte na ně s použitím frází z předchozího cvičení .

např.

Mum, I'm very sorry, but I forgot to **buy** the eggs.

**No harm done.** Don't worry about it.



**4. Read carefully! Then answer the questions below:**

*I live in Prague. I like living here because there are many interesting places, famous historical monuments, theatres, cinemas, music halls, restaurants, shops, sport facilities and so on.*

*But sometimes I feel I would prefer to live in a small town or in the country. In the city there are lots of people, cars and factories. There is a lot of noise, the streets are crowded, people don't know each other even if they live in the same house.*

*The life in a small town or in the country has its advantages. There is more fresh air, there aren't so many people, the prices are not so high - it's easier to buy or build a house there. You can keep various animals there and children have more space to play. But they usually have to travel far to school, and transport is much more difficult than in the city. If you are ill, you must sometimes go very far to reach a specialist, or wait long until the doctor gets to you. There aren't so many kinds of goods in the shops, if you need something special, you must travel to the nearest big town. If you want to go to the cinema, to a concert or to the theatre, you must travel again. And sometimes it is difficult to get back home after the performance.*

*I like to spend my summer holidays in the country, but in general I prefer living in the city.*

např.

**Do you live** in the town or in the country?

I **live in the country** .....

**Do you like** living in the town?

I **don't live in the town.** .....

**Do you like** living in the country?

I **like it very much.** .....

**What are** the advantages of living in the country?

**There is more fresh air, there aren't so many people and the prices are not so high.** .....

What **are** the advantages of living in the town?

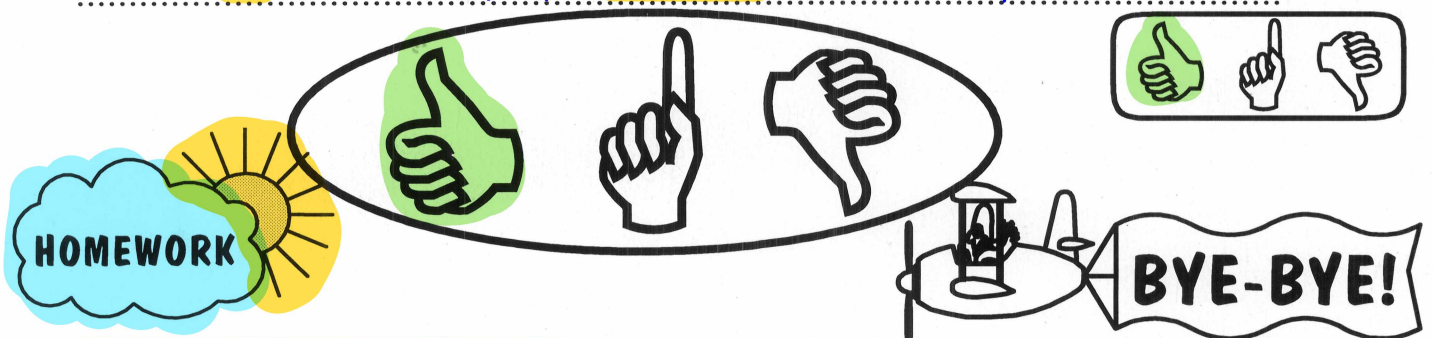
**There are** many interesting places, famous historical monuments and you **don't have to travel** so far to **get** somewhere.

What **are** the disadvantages of living in the country?

The transport **can be** very difficult, you **have to travel** far to **get** to school or to the doctor, you **can't buy** everything you **want** there.

What **are** the disadvantages of living in the town?

**There are** lots of people, cars and factories, **there is** a lot of noise, the streets **are** crowded and people **don't know** each other very well.



**ENJOY YOUR HOLIDAY! DON'T FORGET YOUR ENGLISH! TRY TO WRITE A DIARY EVERY WEEK!**

např. Which day **was** the most interesting for you?

The most interesting day **was** **Sunday**.

Where **did** you **go** ?

I **went** **to the zoo**.

What **did** you **see**?

I **saw** **many beautiful animals**.

Who **did** you **meet**?

I **met** **some of my friends there**.

What **did** you **do**? I **watched** the animals, I **fed** the giraffes and **bought** a hot dog and an ice cream.



# Aktivně probraná slovní zásoba

(37) - (40)

**COMPLETE**

## SLOVESA

<b>forbid (forbade, forbidden)</b>	[fə'bid, fə'beid, fə'bidn]	= zakázat
<b>melt</b>	[melt]	= rozpustit, roztavit
<b>moan</b>	[məun]	= sténat, naříkat
<b>mumble</b>	[mambɪ]	= mumlat
<b>prowl</b>	[praʊl]	= plížit se
<b>rent</b>	[rent]	= pronajmout (si)
<b>restrict</b>	[ri'strikt]	= omezit
<b>sharpen</b>	[ʃa:pən]	= zbystřit, naostřit
<b>shiver</b>	[ʃivə]	= třást se
<b>sign</b>	[sain]	= podepsat
<b>stick out</b>		= vystrčit
<b>surround</b>	[sə'raʊnd]	= obklopit, obklíčit
<b>wriggle</b>	[ˈrɪɡl]	= kroutit se

JE TŘEBA DRILEM JEŠTĚ ZOPAKOVAT:

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**PODSTATNÁ JMÉNA**

advantage	[əd'va:ntidž]	= <b>výhoda</b>
disadvantage		<b>nevýhoda</b>
eyesight	['aisait]	= <b>zrak</b>
facility	[fəsilɪti]	<b>zařízení</b>
flavour	['fleivə]	<b>příchuť</b>
island	['aɪlənd]	= <b>ostrov</b>
mammal	['mæml]	= <b>savec</b>
match	[mæč]	= <b>zápas</b>
reptile	['reptail]	= <b>plaz</b>
resemblance	[ri'zembləns]	= <b>podobnost, podoba</b>
signature	['signəʃə]	= <b>podpis</b>
source	[so:s]	<b>zdroj</b>
tongue	[taŋ]	= <b>jazyk (orgán)</b>

**JE TŘEBA DRILEM JEŠTĚ ZOPAKOVAT:**







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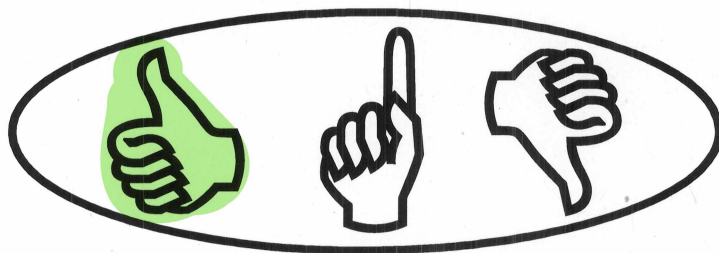
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*Prameny:*

Arnold, Caroline: Learners - Your Body

Ganeri, Anita: Learners - Ecology

Jennings, Terry, Dr.: Learners - The Earth

Perclová, Radka: Speak Out in English

Peterson, Patricia: Developing Writing

Procházková, Radmila: Každý den jedno anglické slovo

Strange, Derek: Start Reading 1-6